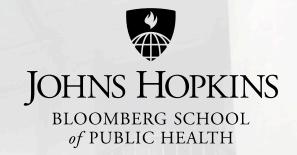


Climate-Healthy Cities: Building public health resilience to climate change

Mary Sheehan, PhD, Xavier Basagaña, PhD, Joshua Sharfstein, MD, and the Climate and Health Working Group

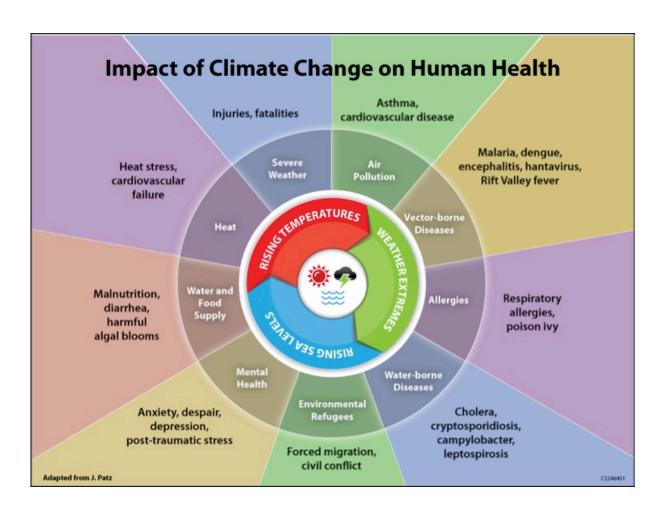


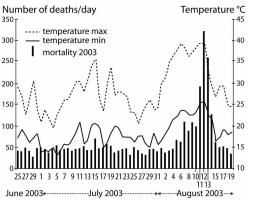
Presentation Outline

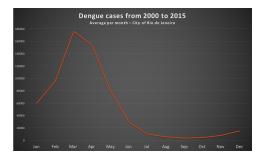
- Climate health impacts: cities on the frontline
- Are cities' public health services climate resilient?
- Climate-Healthy Cities network
- Aims and first steps
- Heatwaves: targeting the most vulnerable
- Three-year vision and how to get there



Climate impacts on health







US CDC (cdc.gov); Paris heat mortality (nasa.gov); dengue fever in Rio de Janeiro (Luciana Nery).



Cities on climate health frontline

Large concentrated populations

Urban heat island effect

Storm & flooding risk

Tourism & migration hubs

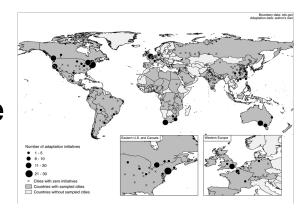


Moscow 2010 heatwave (pbs.org); Washington DC heat island (Washington Post); Baltimore flooding (environmentalintegrity.org) Miami Beach flooding (Miami Herald)

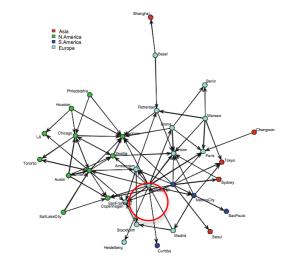


Are city PH systems resilient?

- Many cities have PH responsibilities
- Some are working to build PH resilience
- But this not yet widespread



- City networks disseminate policies and practices that work
- But no global public health city network



Map of health adaptation activities in 400 largest world cities (Araos et al. 2015). Schematic map of C40 Cities network (Lee & Van der Meene 2012).



Climate-Healthy Cities network

Knowledge partnership to share city experiences and translate science to effective policy

Goal – help prepare city public health services to be resilient to climate change

- JHSPH public health science & practice
- UPF social, environmental health
- Barcelona heat & vector diseases
- Baltimore disaster preparedness

Baltimore Harbor storm surge map (baltimorecity.gov); Barcelona heat vulnerability map (Xu et al. 2013)



Initial steps

Convening partners

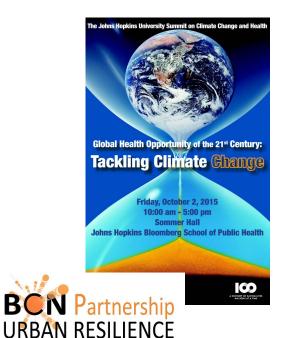
- JHSPH Climate & Health Summit (Oct 2015)
- Core group of cities

Connecting cities

- Barcelona-Baltimore meeting (Jan 2016)
- BCN Resilience Week (Mar 2016)
- Community of practice: website, newsletter

Translating evidence to policy and practice

- JOH: building city climate health baseline
- Systematic reviews, evaluation
- Heat vulnerability pilot







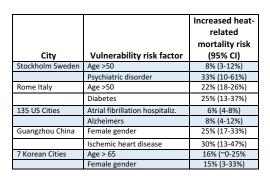
Heat vulnerability

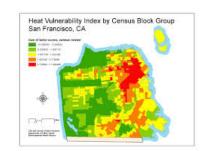
Extreme heat

- 80% large cities consider important risk
- Higher mortality (up to 20-30%) for vulnerable
- Heat plans can reduce mortality, but must be targeted

How we are helping cities reduce risk

- Science
 - Synthesize evidence on heat vulnerability targeting
 - Develop and test city self-assessment tool
- Practice
 - Convene leading cities
 - Link cities in learning network





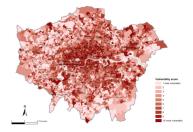


Table of selected heat vulnerability factor and risks (Sheehan, unpublished); San Francisco heat vulnerability map (SF Dept Public Health, 2012); London heat vulnerability map (Wolf & MacGregor, 2013)



Vision and next steps

Map of large cities – 20% climate-health active

Convening partners

- Consolidate network structure
- "Davos" of climate & health

Connecting cities

- Partner with C40, Big Cities Health Coalition
- Significantly scale up city members
- Health integrated into climate adaptation plans

Translating science to policy

- Estimate health "co-benefits" (e.g., air pollution)
- Vector-borne disease early warning, others



