

# DÁVID KRISZTIÁN NAGY

CREI

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## Contact Information

Centre de Recerca en Economia Internacional  
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## Employment

Junior Researcher, CREI, 2016 to present  
Adjunct Professor, Universitat Pompeu Fabra and Affiliated Professor, BSE, 2016 to present  
Co-Editor, Regional Science and Urban Economics, 2020 to present  
Visiting Professor, Columbia University, Spring 2019  
Visiting Scholar, Minneapolis Fed Opportunity and Inclusive Growth Institute, September and October 2017

## Education

Princeton University, 2010 to 2016  
Ph.D. in Economics – thesis: “Essays in Economic Geography”  
  
Central European University, Budapest, Hungary, 2008 to 2010  
M.A. in Economics (with distinction)  
  
University of Pannonia (Pannon Egyetem), Veszprém, Hungary, 2003 to 2008  
MSc. in Economics (with distinction)

## Fields of Research

International Trade, Economic Geography, Economic Growth

## Publications

“Trade and urbanization: Evidence from Hungary.” *American Economic Journal: Microeconomics*, forthcoming.  
“Quantitative economic geography meets history: Questions, answers and challenges.” *Regional Science and Urban Economics*, Special Issue on History and Urban Economics, forthcoming.  
“Local sectoral specialization in a warming world” (with Bruno Conte, Klaus Desmet and Esteban Rossi-Hansberg). *Journal of Economic Geography*, Special Issue on Climate Change, forthcoming.  
“Evaluating the economic cost of coastal flooding” (with Klaus Desmet, Robert E. Kopp, Scott A. Kulp, Michael Oppenheimer, Esteban Rossi-Hansberg and Benjamin H. Strauss). *American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics* 13(2), 444–486, 2021.

- “The geography of development” (with Klaus Desmet and Esteban Rossi-Hansberg). *Journal of Political Economy* 126(3), 903–983, 2018.
- “Asia’s geographic development” (with Klaus Desmet and Esteban Rossi-Hansberg). *Asian Development Review* 34(2), 1–24, 2017.
- “The effect of uncertainty on exports – A gravity approach” (with Ildikó Virág-Neumann, in Hungarian). *Külgazdaság* 57(3-4), 89–106, 2013.
- “Information sharing, risk premium, and interest rates – An international comparison” (with Iván Major, in Hungarian). *Hitelintézet Szemle* 7(3), 238–264, 2007.

## Working Papers

“*All aboard: The effects of port development*” (with César Ducruet, Réka Juhász and Claudia Steinwender)

Transport infrastructure facilitates the fast flow of goods and people across space, but it also occupies extensive amounts of land. This may drive up land rents and crowd out other economic activity. Using the introduction of containerized shipping – a relatively land-intensive technology –, we find an important role for this crowding-out effect. At the local level, we find that seaport development increases city population by making a city more attractive, but this well-known market access effect is offset by the crowding-out mechanism. At the aggregate level, while we estimate overall welfare gains from containerization, our quantitative model featuring endogenous port development also implies i) sizeable welfare costs associated with the increased land-usage of ports, and ii) sizeable gains from cities’ endogenous specialization across port- and non-port activities. These mechanisms are particularly important for targeted port development policies, which we illustrate by evaluating the effects of the Maritime Silk Road.

“*Hinterlands, city formation and growth: Evidence from the U.S. westward expansion*”

Second revise and resubmit, *Review of Economic Studies*.

I study how geography shaped city formation and aggregate development in the United States prior to the Civil War. To guide my analysis, I first present a conjecture that cities’ farm hinterlands fostered both city development and aggregate growth: the *hinterland hypothesis*. The hinterland hypothesis has rich implications on how various elements of U.S. geography – railroads, changes in U.S. political borders, increasing U.S. population, and international trade – affected city formation and U.S. growth. To quantitatively evaluate the hinterland hypothesis and its implications, I assemble a novel historical dataset on population, trading routes and agricultural productivity at a high spatial resolution, and combine it with a dynamic quantitative model of economic geography. I find evidence for the hinterland hypothesis by showing that the model can quantitatively replicate the key patterns of U.S. urbanization and city formation. Finally, I conduct a series of counterfactuals in the model to quantify the effect of geography on cities and growth, guided by the implications of the hinterland hypothesis. Results indicate that railroads were responsible for 8.2% of urban population in 1860 and for 27% of real GDP growth between 1830 and 1860. The effect of international trade was similar in magnitude, while population growth slowed down urbanization and GDP growth. The effect of political border changes was small during the period.

“*Bridges*” (with Roc Armenter and Miklós Koren)

We build a continuous-space theory of trade in which people in a region agglomerate to exploit trading opportunities with another region. The regions are separated by a river, which can be crossed anywhere, but

more cheaply at bridges. In the model, most trade takes place via bridges, leading to a key prediction that population density declines with distance to the bridge. We derive additional predictions about the spatial distribution of population and test them on current high-resolution population density data around twelve major American rivers. The data are mostly consistent with our model. In a historical event study of 19th-century bridges on these rivers, we find that the neighborhood of bridges developed faster after the bridge was built. Also, the two sides of the bridge converged in development, highlighting the connecting role of the bridge. More generally, our results suggest that economies of density arising from transport infrastructure can help explain why and where people agglomerate.

## Work in Progress

*“Human capital accumulation across space”* (with Klaus Desmet and Esteban Rossi-Hansberg)

*“The death and life of Great British cities”* (with Stephan Heblich, Alex Trew and Yanos Zylberberg)

## Conference and Seminar Presentations

- 2022 NYU Abu Dhabi, Université de Pau et des pays de l’Adour, Richmond Fed, University of Bologna, Postgraduate Conference in International Trade (Nottingham – keynote speaker, scheduled), Erasmus University Rotterdam (scheduled), SED (scheduled)
- 2021 Philadelphia Workshop on Macroeconomics and Economic Policy, ArmEA, SED, KTI Nyári Műhely, Online Spatial and Urban Seminar, George Washington University, University of Oslo, CURE (Madrid)
- 2020 Institute of Economics – Hungarian Academy of Sciences (MTA KTI), Applied Economics Webinar (HKUST, NUS, Taiwan National and U Tokyo – keynote speaker), 2020 Virtual Meeting of the Urban Economics Association
- 2019 Columbia, Penn State, University of Manchester, University of Murcia, CESifo Global Area Conference, Paris Trade Seminar, NES Moscow, NBER Urban Economics, Yale, Firm Location and Economic Geography Workshop (Paris), CURE (London), EIIT (Boulder, CO), Singapore Management University Conference in Urban and Regional Economics
- 2018 Universitat de Barcelona, Tel Aviv University, Hong Kong University, Singapore Management University, Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, SED, Cities and the Environment Workshop (Potsdam), ETH Zürich, 13<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the Urban Economics Association, University of Padua, LSE
- 2017 Transpyrenean Macro Workshop, NBER International Trade and Investment, 1<sup>st</sup> Conference of the Catalan Economic Society, Barcelona Summer Forum, SED, SAET, NBER Urban Economics, KTI Nyári Műhely, Columbia, Minneapolis Fed, Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona
- 2016 Philadelphia Fed, Barcelona Summer Forum, SED, North American Meetings of the Regional Science Association, University of St. Andrews, UC Berkeley, RIDGE Uruguay
- 2015 Colloque sur la croissance économique et le développement (Montréal), Minneapolis Fed Junior Scholar Conference, European Winter Meeting of the Econometric Society, MKE Conference

## Teaching Experience

- Spring 2017/18, Winter 2019/20/21/22 Topics in Economic Geography, Universitat Pompeu Fabra
- Fall 2018/19/20/21 Advanced Macro I (Trade and Growth), Universitat Pompeu Fabra
- Fall 2021 Economic Growth and Development, Universitat Pompeu Fabra
- Spring 2019 Topics in Trade and Growth, Columbia University

Spring 2013/14/16	ECO 202, Statistics and Data Analysis, Princeton University
Fall 2015	ECO 100, Introduction to Microeconomics, Princeton University
Fall 2013	ECO 310, Microeconomic Theory, Princeton University
Fall 2006 to Fall 2008	Statistics I and II, University of Pannonia

### **Professional Activities**

Research Affiliate, CEPR International Trade and Regional Economics and Macroeconomics and Growth Research Network Affiliate, CESifo

Referee for: AEJ Applied Economics, AEJ Macroeconomics, Canadian Journal of Economics, Dynamic Games and Applications, Economic Development and Cultural Change, Econometrica, Economic Theory, International Economic Review, Journal of Development Economics, Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control, Journal of Economic Geography, Journal of Economic Theory, Journal of the European Economic Association, Journal of Geographical Systems, Journal of International Economics, Journal of Political Economy, Journal of Urban Economics, National Tax Journal, Quarterly Journal of Economics, Review of Economic Dynamics, Review of Economic Studies, Review of International Economics.

### **Research Grants**

Spanish Ministry of Science and Innovation Grant PID2019-111691RA-I00.

Spanish State Research Agency and the European Social Fund (RYC2019-027620-I / AEI / 10.13039/501100011033).

Spanish Ministry of Science and Innovation, Juan de la Cierva – Grant (FJCI-2017-3428), 2019–2020.

Generalitat de Catalunya, AGAUR Grant (2017SGR1393), 2017–2020.

Barcelona GSE SEED Grant for the project “Growth and trade in a world of cities,” 2016–2017.

Generalitat de Catalunya, AGAUR Grant (2014SGR830), 2014–2016.

### **Honors, Scholarships and Fellowships**

2019	Robert E. Lucas Jr. Prize, Journal of Political Economy
2019	Distinguished CESifo Affiliate Prize, CESifo Global Area Conference
2015 to 2016	Fellowship, International Economics Section, Princeton University
2014 to 2015	Fellowship of Woodrow Wilson Scholars, Princeton University
2010 to 2014	Princeton University Graduate Fellowship
2013	Harry G. A. Seggerman '49 Prize in International Economics, Princeton University
2013	Marimar & Cristina Torres Award for best third-year paper, Princeton University
2010	Outstanding Academic Achievement Award, Central European University
2008	Academic Pro-Rector's Excellence Award, Central European University
2007	1 <sup>st</sup> prize with Rita Németh at the National Conference of Scientific Students' Associations (OTDK), Miskolc, Hungary